

A Phone, a Tennis Ball, and a Wardrobe

Tools for Designing Effective Slide Presentations

Presented by:

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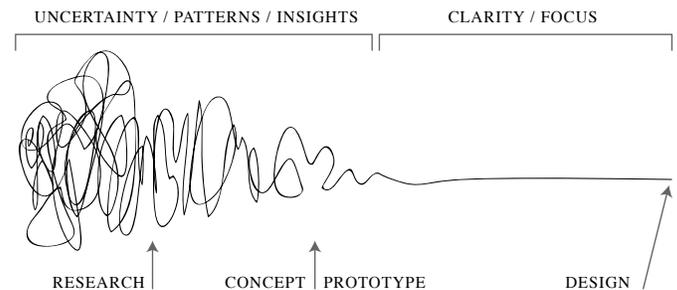
1) WHAT'S THE VALUE OF DESIGN?

- Design permeates everything around us and we encounter it regardless of age, location, gender, etc.
- Design allows us to stand out, be unique and get our message heard more clearly
- It is a set of tools that help you engage with an audience
- Design is NOT an afterthought (i.e. "decoration"). Design is the process you go through to get to the end result.

2) THE DESIGN PROCESS

- The "Squiggle"*

- 1) Examine your audience
- 2) Conduct research
- 3) Sketch and PLAY!
- 4) Refine prototypes
- 5) Finalize design



- Consider starting off the computer
 - Computers can be overly frustrating providing a barrier to quick idea formation
 - They tend to force you into a single direction too early

3) BASIC DESIGN TIPS FOR PRESENTATIONS

- Everyone is creative
- Design is a language that needs learning and repetition to master.
- Learn to appreciate and consume quality design. This will influence how you see your own presentations.
- Practice active design consumption.
- Consistency is KEY. Create a visual hierarchy.

Gestalt Principles of Design

- Contrast (size/color/shape) - Think of a tennis ball in the middle of a large court
- Similarity - Think of website links. They look the same for ease of use.
- Proximity - Think of people in an orchestra and how they're grouped.
- Alignment - Think of a grid. They allow a structure behind the scenes for consistency.
- White space (area left unused)

Color

- Some colors have specific meanings in various cultures and industries
- Colors imply emotion/feeling. What do you want yours to be?
- How to pick a color scheme?
 - Look at other "designed" items/images for reference (magazines, cars, websites, NATURE)
 - Check in your closet for colors that you like and reflect your personality
 - Look at works of art for creative schemes
- In general, limit colors to 3-4
- Consider color contrast and avoid colors that "vibrate" against each other

* Squiggle via Central (www.centralstory.com)

serif
(Times)

sans-serif
(Helvetica)

Fonts

- A serif is a design element found on the end of the strokes on some fonts.
Fonts with serifs include Times, Georgia, Palatino, Baskerville
- Popular fonts without serifs (sans-serif) include Helvetica, Arial, Verdana, Futura
- A display typeface might include a script font or other “decorative” fonts
- In general, limit fonts to one serif font and/or one sans-serif font in a presentation and avoid display fonts unless there is a really good reason.
- Think about contrast, keep it consistent and consider readability (it’s type, after all!)

Images

- A picture really is worth 1000 words
- Create your own (iPhone, digital camera, drawings)
- Consider resolution (72 DPI for screen, 200+ DPI for print)
- Keep the “look” of the images consistent
- Do not flip them if at all possible!
- Don’t steal (but there are good alternatives - see references. Don’t forget attribution!)

Graphs/Charts

- Keep them clean and as clear as possible
- Strip out unnecessary information
- Personally, I’d avoid the 3-D effects, if possible
- Consider using text or imagery to represent the information instead

When in doubt, consult with a professional!

CONCLUSION

- Start your design work at the beginning. It’s not the “decoration”, it’s at the core.
- Be consistent - make design choices and stick with them
- Understand visual hierarchy and use it
- Keep it simple and use a handout, if necessary

RECOMMENDED READING & RESOURCES

Slide:ology: The Art and Science of Creating Great Presentations - Nancy Duarte

Presentation Zen: Simple Ideas on Presentation Design and Delivery - Garr Reynolds

The Non-Designer’s Design Book (3rd Edition) - Robin Williams

D.I.Y.: Design It Yourself - Ellen Lupton

Blah Blah Blah: What To Do When Words Don’t Work - Dan Roam

Design As Art - Bruno Munari

Stratopedia Blog (my design tips) - <http://blog.stratopedia.org/author/dgnojek>

Good Magazine (source for infographics) - www.good.is

istockphoto.com - inexpensive photography

compfight.com - search Flickr for Creative Commons content (please use attribution)

kuler.adobe.com, colorshemesdesigner.com - online color scheme tools

KU Powerpoint Template and resources: <http://identity.ku.edu/>



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